

A Truce in Korea has halted three years of bitter fighting - which started along the ^{fateful} 38th Parallel.

The North Korean invasion was promptly condemned and resisted by the United Nations - fighting under the common flag.

British troops ^{British} sailed to join ~~USA~~ ^{USA} forces in the ~~fight~~ ^{conflict}.

Despite opening setbacks, the United Nations' Army (under General MacArthur) held a vital beach-head around the supply port of Pusan.

Meanwhile, heavy aerial strikes, (for the Allies never lost air-supremacy over the ^{Korea} Peninsula) paved the way for a break-out and counter-attack.

A sea-borne invasion at Inchon, on the west coast, landed fresh men and materials, and the ^{Allied} advance continued - almost to the Manchurian Border.

Peace looked near at hand as large numbers of prisoners were taken; but then, Red China ~~entered~~ entered the struggle.

Fighting became stabilised. Sick and wounded prisoners of both sides were repatriated, after an ^{exchange} agreement was ~~finally~~ signed at Panmunjom.

Ambulances brought the returned prisoners across the aptly-named "Freedom Bridge".

Waiting to greet them at "Freedom Village" was General Mark Clark, the United Nations C-in-C...

Now the "ceasefire" brings ^{new} hope of a real and lasting peace to the war-torn Korea of 1953..